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INTERIOR WOOD STAIN & REFINISHING

Stripping & Tools:

- 1. Determine whether a heavy body or liquid stripper is necessary. a. Heavy body (gel) stripper - solid woods, vertical surfaces, many coats of paint. b. Liquid stripper - veneers, horizontal surfaces, varnish and stain.
- 2. Scraper or steel wool for removing product (maple scraper works best as it does not damage wood).
- 3. Sandpaper to remove excess stripper and any other imperfections on surface.
- 4. Pure bristle brush (disposable) for applying stripper.

Stripping:method:

- Apply stripper to surface approx \(\frac{1}{4} \) thick and leave for 10 minutes, apply more product if it 1. looks like it is drying anywhere let the stripper do the work, not your arm!
- 2. Remove stripper and coating with (maple) scraper and/or steel wool (#1)
- Apply a slightly thinner coat of stripper to bare wood to remove stain from grain of wood if necessary, let stripper sit for 5 minutes
- 4. Remove stripper with 00 steel wool to "sponge" remaining stain fro the grain
- 5. Sand surface with 150 grit to remove residue and imperfections before staining

Staining and finishing tools:

- 1. Stain-(gel or liquid, water base or oil)
- 2. Stain applicators- cheesecloth, clean, lint free cotton rag or pure bristle brush
- 3. Select clear finish-(oil or latex, sheen level)
- 4. Finish applicators -good pure bristle brush to apply finish or foam brushes
- 5. 320 grit sandpaper to scuff between coats of finish
- Tack cloth to remove dust after scuffing

Staining and finishing:method:

- 1. Apply stain with appropriate applicator, let sit 3-5 minutes and wipe off excess
- 2. Let dry overnight for best results (some stains dry faster)
- 3. Apply first coat of clear finish, let dry 4-16 hours depending on product
- 4. Scuff surface with 320 grit sandpaper between coats and remove dust with tack cloth
- 5. Apply 2nd and 3rd coat if necessary

Staining/stripping tips:

- The rougher the wood is sanded, the more stain will absorb into the grain and therefore the 1. darker the colour-conversely it will not absorb if the wood has been sanded too smoothly
- 2. A second coat of stain can be applied to make it darker-but the customer must be careful to let both coats dry thoroughly
- 3. The longer you let the stain sit before wiping, the more it will absorb and the darker it will get-conversely if you wipe it right away it will not be as dark
- 4. Shave hooks are handy for stripping detail work
- 5. Rubber gloves should be used to protect hands
- 6. Surface should be cleaned with mineral spirits after stripping
- 7. After stripping if discoloration persists in wood, a wood bleach may be required to even out the colour of the wood prior to staining.
- 8. Stain controller may be necessary on soft or open-grain woods.